# COMPUTER ADVANTAGE CLUB

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTING WITH THE TI-99/4A

For information concerning Texas Instruments Computer Advantage Club classes, for purchasing TI Home Computer software, peripherals or accessories that you are unable to obtain from your local dealer, or for any questions you may have about your TI products, call our toll free number.
Texas Instruments Consumer Hotline: 1-800-TI CARES.
Texas Instruments invented the integrated circuit, the microprocessor and the microcomputer, which have made TI synonymous with reliability, affordability, and compactness.
Developed by the staff of the Texas instruments Computer Advantage Club

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# WHAT CAN A COMPUTER DO FOR YOU?

## You and the Computer

Asking people what a computer can do for them brings a wide range of responses. Some people think first of the dramatic uses of the computer which we have seen on television news. Televised reports on the latest space flight show Mission Control and a room filled with computers. A research center's computers provide the background for a television announcer's report on a new life-saving medical technique. We hear election returns—and the computer's projections of the outcome of the election. Even though these events are far from our daily experience, television has made us aware of the power of the computer.

Although the dramatic uses of the computer are often thought of first, other people respond to questions about what the computer can do for them by noticing things in everyday life. We go to the bank in the evening and push a few buttons to make a deposit or to transfer funds from one account to another. We buy groceries, and computers at the checkout counter respond to the barcoded price on a package and record the price on our grocery bill—and on the store's inventory list.

Computers keep track of warehouse inventories, place orders for more materials, and send out bills. Computers prepare our bank statements and record the charges made on credit cards. The computer has become a common, almost unnoticed part of our everyday lives.

Businessmen and women use word-processing software to send a personal letter to each customer by simply changing the inside address. People who run typing services make use of word-processing packages to improve their services and decrease their costs. Other software packages record customers' names and addresses on a mailing list which can be updated without retyping the entire list.

Individuals owning small businesses are not the only ones who can profit by using a personal computer. Home management requires sophisticated record-keeping and decision-making skills. Personal computers using software packages selected to meet individual needs can make the financial tasks involved in managing a home easier.

The same software package which provides information for a businessperson making decisions about borrowing money helps individuals planning to buy a car or a home determine which loan is the best financial decision. Keeping records of tax-related expenses can be made less difficult with a personal computer which calculates at the end of the tax year entries made throughout the year. Software packages also simplify keeping an inventory of household property because items can be added—and deleted—easily. Software packages can even assist with the monthly task of balancing a checkbook.

## The Personal Computer

Some people do not think of the large computers used in space flights, in banking, or in business when they are asked what the computer can do for them. They think instead of the small personal computer which they can use in their homes. For these people, the answer to the question "What can a computer do for you?" brings a different response. It can do what I want it to do.

# **ADVANCES IN COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY**

#### 3000 B.C.—Asla

A counting machine, the abacus, begins to be used.

## 1640s—France

Blaise Pascal, philosopher, builds the first adding machine that carries sums.

## 1801—France

Inventor Joseph M. Jacquard designs punched cards to direct a weaving loom to select colored threads in weaving patterned cloth. By using different cards, Jacquard is able to change the patterns the loom weaves.

#### 1890s---United States

Herman Hollerith and John Shaw Billings use a machine to count the United States census. Their machine uses punched cards for census data.

## 1930s-United States

Vannevar Bush, electrical engineer, designs and builds the first analog computer.

#### 1937 to 1944—United States

Howard A. Aiken of Harvard University builds the first digital computer with IBM's assistance.

## 1940s-United States

John Mauchly and John Presper Eckert of the University of Pennsylvania build ENIAC, a speedier computer than those built previously.

## 1948—United States

Bell Labs invents the transistor which eventually replaces the bulky vacuum tubes previously used in computers.

## 1951—United States

UNIVAC, the first computer produced for sale, is installed at the Bureau of Census.

## 1954 to 1957—United States

An IBM-sponsored committee creates a new programming language to help scientists and mathematicians. FORTRAN (for FORmula TRANslator) becomes the basis for several other languages.

## 1958-United States

Jack S. Kilby of Texas Instruments invents the integrated circuit, a single piece of silicon containing complete electronic circuits.

## 1960s-United States

John Kemeny and Thomas Kurtz of Dartmouth College create a new programming language in order to encourage undergraduate students in all academic fields to use the computer. The new language is BASIC (Beginner's All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code).

## 1970-United States

Gary Boone of Texas Instruments invents the single-chip microprocessor, an integrated circuit containing all the elements of a computer's central processing unit (CPU).

## 1971—United States

Gary Boone and Michael Cochran of Texas Instruments invent the single-chip microcomputer. All of the elements of a computer fit into a silicon chip the size of a baby's fingernail.

## 1976—United States

Texas Instruments invents Solid State Software™ which allows electronic devices to be "reprogrammed" through the use of interchangeable, plug-in modules.

## 1978—United States

Texas Instruments introduces the single-chip Speech Synthesizer, first used in the Speak & Spell™ electronic learning aid. This Speech Synthesizer is the first integrated circuit to duplicate electronically the human vocal tract and is eventually used in the TI Home Computer.

## ...in Homes

The personal computer is designed to meet the needs of the people who use it. The personal computer is "user friendly." It can be used by people who have never programmed a computer as well as by sophisticated users. The personal computer can respond to a computer language such as BASIC or to software packages which are preprogrammed. The personal computer is a convenient size for home use, requiring only a table or desk to hold the system. As the microcomputer has brought reduction in size of computers, it has also brought lower costs, which make ownership by individuals possible. Because of the personal computer's flexibility, the question "What can a computer do for you?" brings answers as diverse as the people who are asked.

## ...in Business

Men and women with small businesses take advantage of the low cost and convenience of the personal computer to handle many aspects of their businesses. Software packages keep track of inventory and cash flow. Software cartridges compute interest charges and help provide information necessary to make good decisions about borrowing and lending in a period of rapidly changing interest rates. Business people also use software programs to keep records of business-related expenses and calculate totals for each type of expense.

## .. for Education

Not only can the personal computer make life easier for us in business and in homes, but it can also enrich our lives. Software packages in statistics or real estate management can provide both tools for our work and practice with a new subject. Software packages can help us learn how to program in a computer language so that we can create our own computer programs. We can even buy computer programs designed to help us learn such things as typing and chess.

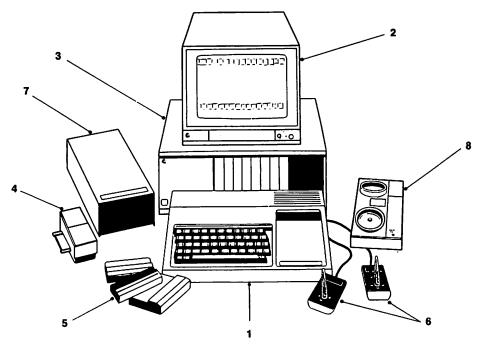
Children, in particular, enjoy the new opportunities for learning available because of the personal computer. Children can create programs on the computer using LOGO, a programming language designed to appeal to children because of its exciting graphics and its ease of use. Computers can offer additional benefits to young learners. Many of the subjects which children need to learn require hours of drill and practice. Although practicing multiplication tables may not be exciting, it's fun to shoot an alien spaceship carrying a multiplication problem by firing a missile with the correct answer. Computers can be programmed to evaluate the number of errors being made by a child and can adjust the level of difficulty of the problems being presented to the child.

## ...for Entertainment

Personal computers help us with our businesses, with home management, and with educational enrichment, but they are also fun. We can have all the excitement of video games in our own homes. We can have a chess opponent who is always ready to play—and who will play at the level of skill we choose. With the correct software, the computer will play with us whether the game is bridge or blacklack.

## You and the Personal Computer

The personal computer deserves its name. It is a computer for personal needs. Before you can answer the question "What can the computer—the personal computer—do for you", you will need to ask yourself a question. What are the things I need done? Help in my business? Record-keeping and home management information? Educational opportunities available in my home? Entertainment for my family and friends? When you think about what you want done and what the personal computer can do for you, you may decide that the personal computer is your computer.



- 1. **TI-99/4A Home Computer**—A typewriter-like console that allows you to enter, store, and manipulate data.
- Video Monitor—A ten-inch color screen with a display format for 24 lines of 32 characters and audio capabilities.
- 3. **Peripheral Expansion System**—A compact system designed to centralize the Disk Memory System, the RS-232 Interface, the Memory Expansion unit, and other accessories in one place.
- Speech Synthesizer—A device which reproduces human speech electronically and accurately, allowing the computer to communicate verbally.
- Home Computer Software—A large library of preprogrammed cassettes, diskettes, and Solid State Cartridges designed to help you learn, keep household records, or play stimulating games.
- 6. Wired Remote Controllers—Eight-position remote control with top-mounted action button allows you to move objects on the screen.
- 7. Disk Memory System—Stores data or programs that you wish to save for later use.
- 8. **TI Telephone Coupler (Modem)**—Allows your Home Computer to send or receive information through a telephone.

# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

In order to communicate with a computer, we must use programming languages which both the computer and the operator can understand. There are several languages available for use—each with special capabilities and purposes. Listed below are several of the most common.

**BASIC** stands for Beginner's All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code. It is the most popular programming language in use today, as it is very much like our own English language. As with English, one may encounter several dialects of BASIC. The TI-99/4A dialect is called TI BASIC, and it gives your computer a full range of programming capability for most home and personal applications.

TI Extended BASIC provides more complex capability for business and professional software. It will enable you to produce moving, animated graphics on the screen which is not possible with TI BASIC. TI Extended BASIC allows faster execution and provides access to the Memory Expansion Unit, thereby increasing the amount of information your computer can process.

TI LOGO is designed especially for children who are just becoming familiar with computers. Its simple, easy-to-learn commands allow you to progress from sketching, animated graphics, and writing, to mathematics and complex problem solving. TI LOGO lets you experience the world of computer programming through self-paced exploration and discovery.

PILOT stands for Programmed Inquiry, Learning, Or Teaching. This programming language is used for educational program development for Computer Assisted Instruction (CAI) and is readily learned by instructors for classroom use. Instructors use PILOT to create programs which demonstrate concepts, simulate laboratory-like environments, and provide individualized drill, practice, and testing.

Pascal gives access to a large library of professional and technical programs. Relatively easy to read and understand, it is designed to run on various types of computer systems. The TI-99/4A system utilizes the TI P-code Card peripheral and the UCSD p-System\* Compiler software to translate input in UCSD Pascal\* directly into the native machine instruction language compatible with the computer.

TI FORTH is an advanced programming language. Compact and powerful, it also has the capability to use Assembly subroutines. Although easier to learn and use than Assembly, detailed programming knowledge is necessary for utilization of TI FORTH.

Assembly (TMS9900) is very similar to machine language. Commands written in Assembly language need not be interpreted by the computer to machine code. Therefore, programs run much faster than when entered in high-level languages (languages using everyday words such as BASIC). Because detailed knowledge of Assembly language is necessary in order to utilize the language, beginning programmers usually start with a higher-level language.

\*UCSD p-System and UCSD Pascal are trademarks of the Regents of the University of California.

Now, let's try running a couple of simple programs just to see how they work and what they can do. Get into TI BASIC by turning the computer on and pressing any key to go to the Master Selection List. Press 1 for TI BASIC and type the following program, pressing ENTER at the end of each line. (If you make a mistake, press the FCTN and S keys to backspace to the error and type over the error to correct it.)

10 CALL CLEAR 20 PRINT "HELLO, I AM THE TI-99/4A" 30 PRINT :::: 40 GOTO 20

Now type RUN and press ENTER. What happened? Press FCTN 4 (CLEAR) to stop the program. Type EDIT 20 and press ENTER. Using FCTN S or FCTN D to move the cursor, change the wording between quotation marks by typing over the old text. When finished, press ENTER. Now, RUN the program again and note what happens.

When you type RUN and press ENTER after typing a program, the screen should turn green and the program should begin. If the computer beeps and prints an error message on the screen, you probably have a "bug" somewhere in your program! "Bugs" are usually caused by typographical errors. SOLUTION: Type LIST and press ENTER to view the program in memory. Check each line closely for errors. If an error is found, type EDIT 10 (or whichever line number contains the error) and press ENTER. Correct the error after using the arrow keys (FCTN S, FCTN D) and the space bar to move the cursor to the error. Press ENTER when the corrections are completed, then RUN the program.

Type NEW and press ENTER before entering another program. The following program helps demonstrate color combinations on the screen.

## NEW

10 CALL CLEAR
20 INPUT "SELECT A NUMBER FROM 3 TO 16 THEN PRESS ENTER: ":S
30 INPUT "SELECT A NUMBER FROM 1 TO 16 THEN PRESS ENTER: ":F
40 INPUT "SELECT A NUMBER FROM 1 TO 16 THEN PRESS ENTER: ":B
50 CALL CLEAR
60 CALL SCREEN(S)
70 CALL COLOR(2,F,B)
80 CALL HCHAR(12,3,42,28)
90 GOTO 20
RUN

Type RUN and press ENTER to execute the program. To stop the program, press FCTN 4(CLEAR).

# PRACTICE PROGRAMS

## These programs make the computer count!

NEW	NEW	NEW
10 CALL CLEAR	10 CALL CLEAR	10 CALL CLEAR
20 FOR X=1 TO 50	20 FOR X=5 TO 50 STEP 5	20 FOR X=10 TO 50 STEP 10
30 PRINT X	30 PRINT X	30 PRINT X
40 NEXT X	40 NEXT X	40 NEXT X
50 END	50 END	50 END
RUN	RUN	RUN

This program makes the computer play a recognizable tune!

## **NEW**

10 CALL SOUND(1500,131,10) 20 CALL SOUND(1500,196,10) 30 CALL SOUND(1500,262,10) 40 CALL SOUND(250,311,5,262,5,196,5) 50 CALL SOUND(1500,330,5,262,5,196,5)

60 END

You may want to quiz yourself with this program.

## NEW

100 CALL CLEAR

110 PRINT "THIS PROGRAM WILL QUIZ YOU"

120 PRINT "ON SOME NEW TERMS"

130 PRINT "YOU LEARNED TODAY."

140 PRINT ::::

150 PRINT "WHAT TERM DESCRIBES THE"

160 PRINT "KIND OF COMPUTER MEMORY"

170 INPUT "THAT IS ERASABLE?:B\$

180 IF B\$="RAM" THEN 210

190 PRINT "TRY AGAIN:"

200 GOTO 140

210 PRINT "VERY GOOD!"

END

220 RUN

Run this program and see what happens. Answer the question both correctly and incorrectly. Can you follow the steps in the program to find out why the computer responds differently to a right and to a wrong answer?

Try editing and changing these programs.



## Information Management

Cartridges

Home Financial Decisions

Household Budget Management

Securities Analysis

Personal Record Keeping

Tax/Investment Record Keeping

Personal Real Estate

Personal Report Generator

TI Writer\*

Microsoft" Multiplan1\*

Terminal Emulator II

**Diskettes and Cassettes** 

Mailing List

Personal Finance Aids

Checkbook Manager

Personal Tax Plan<sup>2</sup>

TI-Count Business Packages<sup>3</sup>

TI Mini-Writer

Personal Enrichment

Cartridges

Physical Fitness

Weight Control and Nutrition

**Touch Typing Tutor** 

Music Maker

## Education

## Cartridges

Early Learning Fun (For ages 3-6)

Beginning Grammar (For grade levels 2-5)

Number Magic (For ages 6 and up)

Video Graphs (For all ages)

Early Reading<sup>4</sup> (For beginning readers.)

Reading Fun\* (For grade levels 1-3.)

Reading On<sup>4</sup> (For grade level 3)

Reading Roundup\* (For grade level 4)

Reading Rally4 (For grade level 5)

Reading Flight\* (For grade level 6)

Addition/Subtraction 14 (For grade level 1.)

Addition/Subtraction 24 (For grade levels 1-2.)

Numeration 1 (For grades 1-3.)

Numeration 2 (For grades 4-6.)

Word Radar (For all ages.)

Touch Typing Tutor\*

Milliken Math Series (For grade levels K-8)

- Addition
- Multiplication
- Integers
- Decimals
- Laws of Arithmetic
- Measurement Formulas

Word Invasion

Multiplication 14 (For grade levels 3-4.)

Division 14 (For grades 3-5.)

Computer Math Games II & VIs (For grade levels 1-9)

Alien Addition (For addition skills)

Minus Mission (For subtraction skills)

Alligator Mix (For discrimination skills)

Demolition Division (For division skills)

Meteor Multiplication (For multiplication skills)

Dragon Mix (For discrimination skills)

Key to Spanish

Weight Control and Nutrition

TI LOGO II

Scholastic Spelling<sup>6</sup> (For grade levels 3-6.)

Early LOGO Learning Fun (For young children)

- Subtraction
- Division
- Fractions
- Percents
- Equations

#### Diskettes and Cassettes

Music Skills Trainer (For ages 10 and up.)

Computer Music Box (For ages 10 and up.)

Market Simulation

Music Maker Demonstration

Baskethall Statistician

Spell Writer

TI PILOT

Text-to-Speech (English)

Bridge Bldding I

Bridge Bidding II

Bridge Bidding III

Speak & Spell™ Program

Speak & Math™ Program

## PLATO® Learning Center<sup>12</sup>

Now PLATO Basic skills courses are available on disks. Choose from more than 450 programs in the PLATO curriculum. Here's all that's required to use PLATO courseware;

- -TI-99/4A Home Computer
- -TI Disk Memory System
- -TI Memory Expansion
- -PLATO Interpreter Solid State Cartridge
- -PLATO Program Packages (your choice)

The PLATO Interpreter Solid State Cartridge package includes:

- -The Survey Disks: They ask the student questions about their skills in reading, grammar, and math.
- -The Parent's Questionnaire: It asks parents questions about their child's academic skills.

## Basic Skills 3-8

#### Mathematics

- -Basic Number Ideas
- -Addition
- -Subtraction
- -Multiplication
- -Division
- -Fractions
  -Decimals
- Ratio, Proportion, and Percent
   Geometry and Measurement
- Reading
- -Making New Words
- -Understanding New Words
- -Understanding What You Read
- -Thinking About What You Read
  -Judging What You Read
- Grammar
- -Parts of Speech
- -Building and Using Sentences
- -Spelling and Usage
- -Capital Letters and Punctuation
- -Writing Letters

#### High School Skills 9-12

## Mathematics

- -Basic Number Ideas
- -Math Sentences in One Variable
- -Math Sentences in Two Variables
- -Geometry
- -Measurement -Special Topics

#### Reading

- -Reading
- -General Reading
- -Prose Literature
- -Poetry
- -Drama

## Writing

- -Spelling and Punctuation
- —Grammar —Diction
- -Diction
- -Sentence Structure
  -Logic and Organization

## Science

- --Physics
- -Chemistry
- -Earth Science
- —Biology

## Social Studies

- -Geography
- -- Economics
- -Behavioral Science
- -Political Science
- -History

## Milton Bradley Voice Command Video Game Series<sup>14</sup>

New speech recognition feature enables your voice to direct characters on the screen. Cartridge.

The "Bright Beginning Series" includes four games which teach elementary programming, music and other learning concepts—Grades 4-8.

- Terry Turtle's Adventure™
- I'm Hiding\*\*
- Honey Hunt<sup>™</sup>
- Sound Track Trollev\*\*

"Arcade Plus Series" has six arcade style games that take you from home town ball parks to meteor belts far, far away.

- Championship Baseball\*\*
- Space Bandit\*\*
- Big Foot\*\*
- Super Fly™
- Sewermania™
- Meteor Belt™

#### Entertainment

## Cartridges

Parsac\*

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Tombstone City: 21st Century

Ti Invaders

Car Wars Alpiner\*

Othello'

Chisholm Trail

Football

Video Games I

Hunt the Wumpus

Indoor Soccer

Mind Challengers A-Maze-Ing

The Attack

## Diskettes and Cassettes

Tunnels of Doom

Adventure International Series

- Adventureland
- Voodoo Castle
- Strange Odyssey
- Pyramid of Doom
- Savage Island I & II

Mystery Melody

Oldies But Goodies-Game I

Oldies But Goodies-Games II

M·A·S·H13

Blasto\*

Blackiack and Pokers

Hustle\*

ZeroZap<sup>s</sup>

Hangman\*

Connect Four

Yahtzee\*

Video Chess
E.T.º. The Extra-Terrestrial

Munch Man

Munch Mobile

Moon Mine

Sneggit

· Mission Impossible

- The Count
- Mystery Fun House
- Ghost Town
- The Golden Voyage

Saturday Night Bingo

Draw Poker

Entrapment

## Computer Programming

#### Cartridges

Speech Editor

Editor/Assembler

Mini-Memory

TI Extended BASIC

## Disks and Cassettes

Pascal Development System

Programming Aids I

Programming Aids II

Programming Aids III

UCSD Pascal™ Compiler

UCSD P-System<sup>10</sup> Assembler/Linker

UCSD P-System<sup>10</sup> Editor/Filer/Utilities

Course Designer Authoring System

Teach Yourself BASIC"

Teach Yourself Extended BASIC

Beginner's BASIC Tutor

TI FORTH (Diskette only)

The TI Advanced Assembly Debugger

## Math and Engineering

Statistics

Math Routines Library

**Electrical Engineering Library** 

**Graphing Package** 

Structural Engineering Library

**AC Circuit Analysis Library** 

\*For TI-99/4A only.

The Milton Bradley Series is manufactured by Texas Instruments, under license from Milton Bradley Company.

Some software packages require use of additional hardware (for example, Speech Synthesizer, peripheral box with cards, cassette recorder system and/or disk memory system consisting of the console and TV or monitor).

Also, some software is available as cassette only or diskette only.

Developed for Texas Instruments by Microsoft\*, Inc. Multiplan is a Trademark of Microsoft, Inc.

<sup>\*</sup>Developed for Texas Instruments by Aardvark Software, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Developed for Texas Instruments by Pike Creek Computer Company, Inc.

<sup>\*</sup>Developed by Texas Instruments in conjunction with Scott, Foresman and Co

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Developed for Texas Instruments by Addison-Wesley Publishing Company

<sup>\*</sup>Developed in conjunction with Scholastic Publishing Company, Inc. \*Othello is a Trademark of Gabriel Industries, a division of CBS, Inc.

A Trademark of Milton Bradley

<sup>\*</sup>A Trademark of and licensed by Universal City Studios, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>quot;UCSD P-Systems is a Trademark of the University of California

<sup>&</sup>quot;Developed by Texas Instruments in conjunction with Wolfdata Corporation

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PLATO Courseware is manufactured under license by Texas instruments inc

<sup>13</sup>MASH is manufactured under license for Fox Video Games, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>quot;All Milton Bradley Voice Command Video Cartridges except I'm Hiding, Terry Turtle's Adventures, and Championship Baseball can be played without the Milton Bradley MBX Expansion System; however, the MBX system is recommended to take advantage of all game features. System includes: Action input keypad, joystick and headset microphone.

# **COMMONLY ASKED QUESTIONS**

1. Question: Will the console work with my television set?

Answer: Yes. The TI-99/4A console can be connected to a television set by means of the TI-900 video modulator.

2. Question: Will it work like a typewriter or a word processor?

**Answer:** Yes. The TI-99/4A with the Typing Tutor or the TI-Writer cartridges can function as a typing or word processing tool.

3. Question: Will it drive a large printer?

Answer: Yes. With the RS-232 Interface card, using the serial port, it will drive any printer that can be driven via the RS-232 standard. For printers with parallel connection, consult the printer's manual and the RS-232 manual.



4. Question: Can I do fine line graphics?

**Answer:** Yes. The screen resolution of the monitor is a 192 by 256 dot matrix. Each dot (pixel) on the screen can be individually addressed by programming.

5. Question: Can I edit or change the solid state cartridges?

**Answer:** No. The solid state cartridges are programs locked in integrated circuit chips. The user cannot alter them. The only exception is the specially designed Mini Memory cartridge.

6. Question: What is the Mini Memory cartridge?

Answer: It is a cartridge which is designed for program storage. It will retain data for the life of its battery even if the console is turned off or if the cartridge is removed. It gives full support of the 16 BIT Assembly language with debugger using the Editor/Assembler manual.

7. Question: Is system documentation (schematics) available?

Answer: Yes. For documentation, write to:

Texas Instruments c/o The Dealer Parts Dept. P.O. Box 53 Lubbock, Texas 79408

8. Question: What is the power consumption of the console and the monitor?

**Answer:** The power consumption of the console plus the monitor is about the same as a 150-watt light bulb.

9. Question: Can you connect it to large computer data bases?

Answer: Yes. With the telephone coupler (modem), Terminal Emulator II solid state cartridge, and the RS-232 Interface card, you can access large data bases such as Micronet, The Source, Compuserve, Dow Jones, Texnet (a special edition of The Source for TI-99/4A users), etc.

10. Question: Is it durable? Will it withstand electrical shock via static electricity, keyboard abuse, etc.?

Answer: We have produced what is probably the most durable computer that's ever been made. We applied all we have learned from our years of experience in building handheld calculators to the TI-99/4A. For example, it has been designed to withstand a static electricity shock in excess of 50,000 volts with no physical damage to the computer. The only change occurring at that particular point is that some data in RAM may be changed or lost. As far as physical abuse to the keyboard, it's probably one of the most rugged keyboards that's ever been put into any computer. The key mechanism itself was designed to be used in a desk top commercial calculator. These calculators receive thousands of keystrokes per day. We have a very durable, very hard to hurt computer. It's been designed to operate under conditions far in excess of those you would ever encounter in your home.

11. Question: What is the warranty?

Answer. If the computer fails within the first thirty days because of defective materials or workmanship, it will be replaced free of charge. For the remainder of the warranty period, the computer will be replaced for a small fee. There are 42 exchange centers located around the United States where you can exchange your out-of-warranty computer for a working computer for a small fee. These are the same repair and exchange centers that currently handle our calculator products.

12. Question: Is the RAM really 16K?

Answer: Some computers have only 5K RAM or less. Ours starts with 16K, expandable up to a potent 52K. 52K of RAM on the TI-99/4A actually gives you as much usable room for your programs as many "64K" computers. In fact, when you consider that TI command cartridges can contain up to 36K in program (like TI Extended BASIC and Video Chess) and that the TI home computer has 26K ROM for user friendliness, you can have a total of 110K of memory and program power! And if that weren't impressive enough, the TI home computer has a 16 bit microprocessor chip! No other home computer can make this statement.

- Question: Other than BASIC in what languages can I program?
   Answer: With the correct peripherals, the computer can work in Pascal, TI LOGO, PILOT. FORTH, TI Extended BASIC, and Assembly.
- 14. Question: Is there any package like Visicalc that will let me set up financial models?
  Answer: Microsoft has written Multiplan for the TI-99/4A. The program can do many of the same things as Visicalc, plus a few extras.
- 15. Question: Is there any way to get 80 column width on the screen? Answer: Yes, eighty columns are possible using Microsoft Multiplan™\*, TI Writer, Editor/ Assembler, TI Forth and through the UCSD Pascal system (the screen only views 40 columns at a time, but it is possible to scroll to see the rest).

16. Question: Can the computer do things for my home—turn on lights, regulate the temperature, control burglar alarms, etc.?

**Answer.** At the present time the only things standing between these sorts of functions and our computer are simple peripheral devices that will plug into the computer.

17. Question: How much information can I store on a diskette? A cassette? Mini Memory Cartridge?

Answer: About 90K bytes of data can be stored per diskette, which is about the same as 90,000 keystrokes of information (per diskette, per drive). Double-sided diskettes hold 180K bytes. A 60-minute cassette tape can hold up to 200K bytes. A Mini Memory cartridge will hold 4K bytes of RAM memory using a battery pack.

- Question: What type of diskettes do I need to use with a TI disk system?
   Answer: The TI disk system requires 5¼ inch, single-sided density, 40 track, soft-sectored diskettes.
- Question: Can I use a double-sided diskette with my disk drive system?
   Answer: A double-sided diskette may be used with a double-sided disk drive. The Disk Manager II Cartridge is required (packaged with the TI Disk Controller Card).
- 20. Question: What is double density?

Answer: Double density allows about twice as many bytes of information per track, almost doubling diskette storage of data.

21. Question: Is there a magazine that specifically gives information on the TI-99/4A?

Answer: 99'er Home Computer magazine does. You can subscribe by writing to:

99'er Home Computer Magazine

P.O. Box 5537 Eugene, OR 97405

22. Question: Can I get technical questions answered about the TI systems?

**Answer.** For technical questions about programming, specific computer applications, etc., you can call:

806-741-2663 (collect calls not accepted)

Or you can write to:

Consumer Relations Dept. Texas Instruments Incorporated P.O. Box 53 Lubbock, Texas 79408

# SOURCES FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Because of the rapidly increasing popularity of personal computers, more information is available each day. News magazines include articles on personal computers in business and in schools, and new magazines devoted just to computer information are now available. Use this list as an introduction to this growing field.

## **Magazines of Interest**

**BYTE: The Small Systems Journal** 

P.O. Box 590

Martinsville, NJ 08836

**Classroom Computer News** 

Subscription Dept. 51 Spring Street

Watertown, MA 02172

**Creative Computing** 

P.O. Box 5214

Boulder, CO 80321

**Electronic Learning** 

Scholastic Inc. 50 W. 44th St.

New York, NY 10036

99'er Magazine

P.O. Box 5537

Eugene, OR 97405

**Personal Computing** 

4 Disk Drive

P.O. Box 1408 Riverton, NJ 08077

**Popular Computing** 

P.O. Box 307

Martinsville, NJ 08836

Recreational Computing

People's Computer Company

Menlo Park, CA 94025

Technological Horizons in Education Journal

(T.H.E. Journal)

Information Synergy, Inc.

P.O. Box 992

Acton, MA 01720

## Beginner's Books

Regena, C. Reference Guide to the TI-99/4A, Computer Publications, Inc., Greensboro, North Carolina.

Cannon, Don L., and Luecke, Gerald. Understanding Microprocessors. Understanding Series™ Books from Texas Instruments, 1979. (288 pages. Shipping weight 13 oz. Soft cover.)

Walker, Roger S. Understanding Computer Science. Understanding Series™ Books from Texas Instruments, 1979. (280 pages. Shipping weight 13 oz. Soft cover.)

To order books or to learn about other books available from Texas Instruments, write:

Texas Instruments Incorporated

P.O. Box 225012, M.S. 54

Dallas, Texas 75265

## **Consumer Hotline**

For information concerning Texas Instruments Computer Advantage Club classes, for purchasing TI Home Computer software, peripherals, or accessories that you are unable to obtain from your local dealer, or for any questions you may have about your TI products, call Texas Instruments Consumer Hotline on our toll free number...

1-800-TI CARES

Ti-99/4 and /4A Users' Groups are groups of mostly amateur computer programmers. They gather to exchange information, programs, and programming ideas.

Below is a list of national and international Users' Groups locations. If you or a friend are interested in becoming a part of a Users' Group, contact the group in your area by mail. using the addresses supplied.

## INTERNATIONAL GROUPS

The 99/4 Program Exchange PO Box 3242

Torrance, CA 90510

99/4 Users of America 5028 Merit Drive Flint MI 48506 313-736-3774

New York 99/4A UG 34 Maple Avenue Armonk, NY 10504

International 99/4 Users Group

PO Box 67 Bethany, OK 73008 405-948-1023

**ALABAMA** 

Central Alabama 99/4 Users Group

551 Larkwood Drive Montgomery, AL 36109

Jasper 99/4A Users Group 1F Northwood Townhome

Jasper, AL 35501

North Alabama 99 Computer 4126 Cherokee Drive

Huntsville, AL 25801

TIBUG

709 Nytol Circle Birmingham, AL 35210

Wiregrass 99 Users Group 106 Harwood Place

Enterprise, AL 36330

ARIZONA

Arizona 99 Users Group 4329 LaFuenta Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85004 602-841-8713

Southwest Ninty-Niners UG 6816 E. Lurlene Drive Tucson, AZ 85730

Yuma 99er UG 1573 E. Kuns Court Yuma, AZ 85365

**ARKANSAS** Artic K-Byters

Route Box 69 Van Buren, AR 72956 Little Rock 99er UG

PO Box 55 North Little Rock, AR 72115

CALIFORNIA

Bechtel Employee's Computer Users 50 Beale Street PO Box 3965

San Francisco, CA 94119

Central Valley Users Group 2419 Clemson Drive Davis, CA 95616

Golden Gate Computer UG 3617 Guerneville Road Santa Rosa, CA 95401

Highway 99ers Computer Group

1277 East Avenue Chico, CA 95926 916-343-4528

Kings 99/4A Users Group 299 W. Birch

Hanford, CA 93230

LA 99er Computer Group PO Box 3547

Gardena, CA 902-7247

Orange County 99/4A Users Group 3941 BS Bristol St. Suite 172 Santa Anna, CA 92704

Rancho Seco 99/4A HC Users Group Rancho Seco, 11440 Highway 104

Herald, CA 95638

South Bay 99er Users Group 16380 E. LaChiquita Los Gatos, CA 95030

San Gabriel Vailey 99/4 Users Group 1008 Dore Street

West Covina, CA 91712

213-330-8240

South California Computer Group

PO Box 21181 El Cajon, CA 92021

The Tri-Valley 99ers 306 Flittner Circle Thousand Island, CA 91360 COLORADO

Boulder 99/4A Users Group 7129 Mt. Meeker Road Longmount, CO 80501

Rocky Mountain 99ers Box 3400

Littleton, CO 80161

DELAWARE

Delaware Valley Users Group 25 Quartz Mili Road Newark, DE 19711

Kent County 99/4A Computer UG

Box 354 Andrews Lake Felton, DE 19943

FLORIDA

Brevard Users Group (BUG)

PO Box 1402

Palm Bay, FL 32906-1402

Daytona 99ers PO Box 4594 S. Daytona, FL 32021

Greater Orlando 99er Users Group

PO Box 1381 Maitland, FL 32751

Manasota 99

6625 Roxbury Drive Barasota, FL 33581

Northwest Florida 99er PO Box 3641 Pensacola, FL 32516

Penellas Peninsula 99/4 Users Group

5060 86th Avenue N Pinellas Park, FL 33565

South Florida 99 Users Group

433 Wright Drive LaKe Worth, FL 33461

Tampa Bay 99er Users Group 13097 Lois Avenue

Seminole, FL 33542

West Jax 99ers 7266 Bunion Drive Jacksonville, FL 32222 GEORGIA

Atlanta 99/4A Computer Users Group

PO Box 19841

Atlanta, GA 30325

Georgia 99/4A Computer Users Group, Ltd

PO Box 88464

Dunwoody, GA 30356

Savannah Computer Users Group

2723 Skidaway Road

Savannah, GA 31404

HAWAU

Aloha 99/4A Users Group

92865 Palailai Street

Makakilo, HI 96706

ILLINOIS

Chicago 99/4A Users Group

353 Park Drive

Palatine, IL 60067

East Central Illinois 99UG

3701 Tuttle

Danville, IL 61832

K3 Users Group

Route 2, Box 203

Momence, IL 60954

Lincolnland 99 Computer Group

PO Box 1434

Springfield, IL 62705

99/4A Owner Users Group

8602 Dorr Road

Wonder Lake, IL 60097

INDIANA

Anderson 99er UG

Route 2 Box 374 A Pendieton, IN 46046

Hoosier Users Group

PO Box 34334

Indianapolis, IN 46234-0334

Miami County Area 99/4A HC UG

163 West Third

Peru. IN 46970

IOWA

Cedar Valley 99er Users Group

2705 16th Avenue

Marion, IA 52302

Central Iowa 99/4A UG

3013 E. 32nd Street

3013 E. 32110 311<del>00</del>1

Des Moines, IA 50137

Northeast Iowa HC Users Group

1421 Delta Drivo

Cedar Falls, IA 50613

KANSAS

Mid America 99/4 Users Group

PO Box 2505

Shawnee Mission, KS 66201

KENTUCKY

Kentuckiana 99/4A Computer Society

9801 Tiverton Way

Louisville, KY 40222

The Bluegrass Area

2210 Burton Park Georgetown, KY 40324

LOUISIANA

Bayou 99 Users Group

PO Box 921

Lake Charles, LA 70602

MAINE

Greater Sanford Users Group

RFD 1 Box 275

Springvale, ME 04083

MARYLAND

**Baltimore Users Group** 

PO Box 3

Perry Hail, MD 21128

Severna Park 99/4A Users Group

27 Whittier Parkway

Severna Park, MD 21146

**MASSACHUSETTS** 

Club 99

34 Forest Street

Attleboro, MA 02703

Magnetic

57 River Road

Andover, MA 01810

MIT Lincoln Laboratory 99/4A UG

244 Wood Street

Lexington, MA 02173

M.U.N.C.H.

1241 Main Street

Worchester, MA 01603

New England99ers

99 School Street

Weston, MA 02193

Personal Computer Users

PO Box 782

Westborough, MA 01581

Pioneer Valley 99/4 Users Group

3 Market Street

Northampton, MA 01060

MICHIGAN

Central Michigan Computer 99

1970 Kibby Road

Jackson, MI 49230

517-784-4202

Grand Rapids 99 UG

Box 1649

Grand Rapids, MI 49501

Home Computer Club

41599 Simcoe

Canton Township, MI 48198

Lower Michigan 99/4A Users Group

18659 Lucy

Allen Park, MI 48101

MINNESOTA

MSP 99 Users Group

PO Box 12351

St. Paul, MN 55112

MISSOURI Jackson County 99ers

3012 Canterbury

Blue Springs, MO 64015

Kansas City 99/4A Computer Users

4511 N. Troost

Kansas City, MO 64116

Ozark 99er Users Group Route 1

Republic, MO 65738

99/4A Users Group of St. Louis

271 Oak Pass Court

Ballwin, MO 63011

MONTANA

Big Sky 99ers Computer UG

PO Box 1044

Great Falls, MT 59403

NEBRASKA

Crossroads 99'er Computer Group

511 Iowa Street York, NE 68467

Lincoln 99 Computer Club

5401 S 37th Street

Lincoln, NE 68516

NEW HAMPSHIRE

New Hampshire 99'ers UG, Inc.

PO Box 7199, Heights Station

Concord, NH 03301

**NEW JERSEY** 

Central Jersey 99/4A Users Group PO Box 873

Brick, NJ 08723

Now JI IG Islean NJ Public Library

Green Street, NJ 08830

North Jersey 99er Group 52 Laura Avenue Manague, NJ 07465

Northern NJ 99er UG PO Boy 516

Bedminster, NJ 07921

SK 99 Users Group

180 Haledon Avenue Prospect Park, NJ 07508

9900 Users Group

PO Box K Moorsetown, NJ 08057

**NEW MEXICO** 

Bernalillo 99/4A HC UG 2008 Lead Avenue SE Albuquerque, NM 87106

**NEW YORK** 

Chautaugua County UG 2209 Big Tree Road Lakewood NY 14750

R.G. and E. 71 Finnegan Way Henrietta, NY 14620

Upstate New York 99/4 UG PO Box 13522 Albany, NY 12212

**NORTH CAROLINA** 

Bits and Bytes Users Group 139 Vance Street

Roanoke Rapids, NC 27870

Carolina 99/4A Users Group 8467 Southard Road Stokesdale, NC 27357

Charlotte 99 Users Group DOWD House at 2216 Momentum St.

Charlotte, NC 28202

Piedmont 99er Users Group 316 Reynolds Drive Statesville, NC 28677

The Forsyth 99er Computer UG 4801 Selwyn Drive

Winston-Salem, NC 27104

OHIO

Cin-Day Users Group

PO Box 519

West Chester, OH 45069-0519

513-777-0110

Cleveland Area 99/4A Computer Group

2385 Stanford Drive Wickliffe, OH 44092

C.O.N.N.I.

1458 Grandview Avenue Columbus, OH 43212

ECO 99er Users Group

PO Box 1601 E. Canton, OH 44730

Summit 99er Users Group 807 Washington Avenue Cuyahoga Falls, OH 44221

OREGON

Pacific Northwest 99/4 Users Group PO Box 5537

Eugene, OR 97405

Portland Users Of Ninety-Nines

PO Box 15037 Portland, OR 97215

Salem Oregon Ninety-Niner (SONN)

4981 Jones Road Street Salem, OR 97302

Willamette Valley 99/4A UG 740 SE Park Avenue Corvallis, OR 97333

PENNSYLVANNIA

Airport Area Computer Club PO Box 710

Corapolis, PA 15108

Capital Area Users Group PO Box 637 Federal Square Station

Harrisburg, PA 17108-9998

Central PA 99/4A Users Group (The Point) I-83 and Union Deposit

Harrisburgh, PA 17109

Hazleton Area 99ers PO Box 285 Hazelton, PA 18201

Lehigh Users Group PO Box 4837 Allentown, PA 18103

Meadville Area Computer UG RD #1. Box 274 Meadville, PA 16335

Philadelphia 99er Users Group 552 Seville Street Philadelphia, PA 19128

Pittsburgh Users Group PO Box 18124 Pittsburgh, PA 15236

RHODE ISLAND Tri-State Users Group PO Box 457

Lincoln, RI 02864

**SOUTH CAROLINA** Carolina Computer Club

225 Wynchwood Drive irmo, SC 29063

Piedmont 99ers Computer Group PO Box 5921

Greenville, SC 29606

Sumter Computer Club 99ers 875 Bay Blossom Avenue Sumter, SC 29150

TENNESSEE

Athens 99/4 Computer Users Group 2215 Congress Parkway Athens, TN 37303

Mid-South Users Group 8067 Neshoba

Germantown, TN 38138 Middle Tennessee Users Group

PO Box 367 Estill Springs, TN 37330

TEXAS

Central Texas 99/4A Users Group PO Box 3026 Austin, TX 78764

Corpus Christi 99ers 3602 Braeburn Corpus Christi, TX 78415

Dallas Home Computer Group PO Box 672

Wylie, TX 75098

Houston Users Group (HUG) 18103 Bambridge Houston, TX 77090

JSC Users Group (JUG) 2321 Coryell Street League City, TX 77573

Lubbock Computer Club 3211 27th Street Lubbock, TX 79410

"NET" Northeast Tarrant 99er HC UG PO Box 534 Hurst, TX 76053

San Antonio Area 99ers PO Box 2509 Universal City, TX 78148

West Texas 99/4 Users Group PO Box 6448 M/S 3030 Midland, TX 79701

Young Peoples LOGO Association 1208 Hilldale Drive Richardson, TX 75081

## VIRGINIA

Southside 99/4A Computer UG 356 Northwood Drive Danville, VA 24540

Tidewater 99/4 Users Group 942 Boiling Avenue #106 Norfolk, VA 23501

WASHINGTON, DC Washington DC Users Group PO Box 267 Leesburg, VA 22075

WASHINGTON STATE
Puget Sound 99ers

PO Box 6073 Lynnwood, WA 98036

Western Washington Computer Club 10806 Kuhlman Road SE Olympia, WA 98503

Tri-Cities 99er Computer Club PO Box 1039 Richland, WA 99352

WISCONSIN Fox Cities Users Group PO Box 2277 Appleton, WI 54913 Madison Area Home Computer 3518 Concord Avenue Madison, Wi 53704

Milwaukee Area Users Group 2007 North 71st Street Wauwatosa, WI 53213

Rock 99 Computer Club Route 5 Box 399 Edgerton, WI 53534

Sheboygan Area Users Group PO Box 1151 Sheboygan, WI 53081

## **AUSTRALIA**

Victoria Coordinator 59 Landstrom Quadrant Kilsyth 3137 Victoria, Australia

New South Wales Coordinator PO Box 101 Kings Cross 2011.

New South Wales, Australia

Queensland Coordinator 127 Crowley Street Queensland, Australia

Western Australia Coordinator PO Box 246 Mt Lawley 6014 Western Australia, Australia

South Australian Coordinator 26 Suffolk Avenue Brahma Lodge 5109 South Australia, Australia

Tasmanian Coordinator 2 Binya Street Glen Orchy 7010 Tasmania, Australia

Canberra Coordinator 69 Canopus Cresent Girlang 2617 A.C.T., Australia

#### BELGIUM

Gebruikers Club Vlaanderen Broekestraat 63 B-9670, Horebeke, Belgium

#### CANADA

Carleton Home Computer UG RR #2 Stittsville, Ontario

Canada KOA 360

Edmonton Users Group PO Box 11983 Edmonton, Alberta Canada T5J 3L1

Karwartha 99er Users Group 45-30 Champlain Cresent Peterborough, Ontario Canada K9L 1T1

Sudburry 99ers 2530 Ida Street Sudburry, Ontario Canada P3E 4X1

Toronto Home Computer UG 3175 Kirwin Avenue Townhouse #159 Mississauga, Ontario

Canada L5A 3M4

Vancouver Computer Users Group 5825 Mayview Circle Burnaby, BC

Canada Z5E 487 Victoria 99er Group 2602 Peatt Road Victoria, BC

Canada V98 3T8

Winnepeg Users Group 14 Stillwell Street Winnepeg, Manatoba Canada R2Y 0M7

#### COLUMBIA

Associacion Columbia de Usuarios 99/4 Av Nutivara #C 3-6 Medellin Colombia SA

## **ENGLAND**

TI Home 157 Bishopsford Road Morden Sury SM46BH England

#### GERMANY

American Express International Department 204 APONY 09757 Frankfort, Germany

# A GLOSSARY OF PERSONAL COMPUTING TERMS

Binary-The two-digit (bit) number system based on 0 and 1.

Bit-A binary digit (0 or 1).

Byte-A string of eight binary bits.

Central Processing Unit—(CPU) - The nerve center of a computer, the network of electronic circuits that interprets programs and tells a computer how to carry them out.

Command—A word or pair of words instructing the computer to do something. Examples: NEW, LIST, RUN, CALL CLEAR.

Console—Main part of the computer containing the keyboard and the CPU.

Cursor—A flashing rectangle showing where a typed character will appear.

Disketts—A flexible 51/4 inch plastic disk coated with the same magnetic material used to make recording tape. Used for permanent storage of data or programs.

Display-The video screen on the monitor.

Gate—A very simple electronic circuit that is always either on or off. Clusters of gates can manipulate binary numbers (0 = off, 1 = on). They can also count, do arithmetic, make decisions, and store binary numbers. Gates are the basic building blocks of computers.

Graphics-Visual constructions on the screen, such as graphs, patterns, and drawings, both stationary and animated.

Hardware—The circuit boards and electronic parts inside a computer.

Input-The means by which data is entered into a computer-often a keyboard.

K—Short for kilo meaning thousand. Used to designate memory capacity—thus a 4K memory has approximately 4,000 storage elements.

Memory—Any of the many devices (ROMs, RAMs, floppy disks, magnetic tapes, etc.) that store computer programs and data.

Microcomputer—A computer made by combining a microprocessor with some memory. Microcomputers are small in size, not performance.

Microprocessor—The central processing unit of a computer assembled on a single silicon chip.

Monitor—Television-like device to display programs as they run or are being written.

Output—Information that is being sent FROM the computer, i.e., graphics on the monitor screen, a report being printed. Also, the means by which data leaves a computer—often a television monitor or printer.

Pertpheral—An accessory which can be added to a computer to increase its capability and usefulness (a floppy disk, paper tape unit, etc.).

Personal Computer—An economical microcomputer designed for use by small businesses, schools, and computer hobbyists.

Program—The list of instructions or statements that tells a computer what to do to perform a task.

Programming Language—Numeric or alphabetic commands which a computer can assimilate, understand, and execute,

RAM—(Random Access Memory) - A temporary memory, i.e., one in which data is stored so long as electrical power is applied. Data in RAM can be changed.

ROM—(Read Only Memory) - Certain instructions for computer are permanently stored in the ROM and can be accessed but cannot be changed.

Software—Computer programs written on paper or stored on magnetic tape or a floppy disk.

Solid State Cartridge—Preprogrammed ROM modules which are easily inserted in the TI computer to extend its capabilities.

Speech Synthesizer—A peripheral that enables the computer to talk.

Statement—A single line of a computer program containing a single instruction like PRINT, LET, GOTO, etc.

Terminal—An input device such as a keyboard or an output device such as a printer or a TV monitor, or both.

